

Association www.afa.org.uk

AF Association () + 44 (0) 1789 867 502 *info@afa.org.uk*

Warfarin and other medication

This fact sheet is intended to help those affected by atrial fibrillation (AF) understand warfarin and the effects other medications may have on the effectiveness of this therapy.

Warfarin is a medication which inhibits the blood clotting process, thereby reducing the risk of an AF-Related stroke.

People on warfarin are required to have regular blood tests to check for International Normalised Ratio (INR), a measure of the blood's clotting capability. Warfarin works by interfering with how the liver uses the vitamin K taken in our diet. Many other medications are also broken down by the liver and they may affect how effectively warfarin thins the blood. Certain medications can increase the effect of warfarin and thus a lower dose may need to be taken, whilst others decrease the effect of warfarin so a higher dose may need to be taken.

People taking warfarin together with long-term medications may need increased monitoring of their INR when medications are started or doses are adjusted, so that the right dose of warfarin is given and the blood remains within the correct INR range.

Medications that increase the effects of warfarin include:

painkiller

antibiotic

cholesterol medication

anti-inflammatory painkiller

- Amiodarone heart rhythm medication
- Aspirin
- Allopurinol used in gout
- Ampicillin antibiotic
- Atorvastatin
- Celecoxib
- Cefalexin
- Cefradine antibiotic
- Cimetidine indigestion and stomach ulcer healing medication

Affilia

- Citalopram
- Ciprofloxacin
- Clarithromycin
- Clopidogrel
- Dexamethasone
 - oral steroid medication (at high dose only)

antiplatelet medication

anti-inflammatory painkiller

used in Parkinson's disease

indigestion and stomach

ulcer healing medication

cholesterol medication

used in prostate cancer

antidepressant

pain

anti-inflammatory painkiller

oral antifungal medication

health supplement for joint

anti-inflammatory painkiller

oral antifungal medication

oral antifungal medication

thyroid replacement hormone

anti-inflammatory painkiller

anti-inflammatory painkiller

and used for period pain

antibiotic

antiplatelet medication

antidepressant

antibiotic

antibiotic

antibiotic

- Diclofenac
- Dipyridamole Disulfiram
 - used in alcohol misuse therapy
- Entacapone
- Erythromycin
- Esomeprazole
- Etodolac
- Ezetimibe
- Fluconazole
- Flutamide
- Fluoxetine
- Glucosamine
- Ibuprofen
- Itraconazole
- Ketoconazole
- Levothyroxine
- Mefenamic acid
- Meloxicam
- Metronidazole
- Miconazole
- Mirtazepine
- Neomycin
- oral or topical anti-fungal medication antidepressant antibiotic

endorsed by:

Department



Founder & Trustee: Trudie Lobban MBE, FRCP (Edin)

Registered Charity No. 1122442

© AF Association





ulcer healing medication

anti-obesity medication

anti-inflammatory painkiller

indigestion and stomach

ulcer healing medication

oral steroid medication

malaria treatment and

cholesterol medication

anti-obesity medication

cholesterol medication

(at high dose only)

antidepressant

prophylaxis

antidepressant

gout medication

antibiotic

painkiller

antibiotic

antidepressant

used in breast cancer

male hormone supplement

antibiotic

AF Association () + 44 (0) 1789 867 502 (*info@afa.org.uk*)

- Norfloxacin antibiotic indigestion and stomach
- Omeprazole
- Orlistat
- Oxytetracycline
- Piroxicam
- Pantoprazole
- Paroxetine
- Prednisolone
- Proguanil
- Rosuvastatin
- Sertraline
- Sibutramine
- Simvastatin
- Sitaxentan used to treat pulmonary hypertension
- Sodium valporate anti-epileptic medication
- Sulfinpyrazone
- Tamoxifen
- Tetracycline
- Testosterone
- Tramadol
- Trimethoprim
- Venlafaxine

Medications that decrease the effect of warfarin include:

- Barbiturates
- Bosentan
- used to treat pulmonary hypertension

anti-epileptic medication

anti-epileptic medication

anti-epileptic medication

an oral antifungal medication

sedative medication

- Carbamazepine
- Griseofulvin
- Phenytoin
- Primidone
- Rifampicin
- St John's Wort
- Sucralfate
- antibiotic antidepressant (use with warfarin is not recommended) indigestion and stomach ulcer healing medication vitamin
- Vitamin K

THIS LIST DOES NOT CONTAIN ALL OF THE DRUGS WHICH INTERACT WITH WARFARIN, AND IS INTENDED AS A GENERAL GUIDE.

supplement

If you are on warfarin and you are concerned about interactions with other drugs you are taking, or you are considering taking drugs, cold and flu medications or herbal remedies, you should seek advice from a GP, an anticoagulation clinic, a pharmacist or a qualified healthcare professional.

To view our patient resources, scan the QR code below:



Acknowledgments: AF Association would like to thank all those who helped in the development and review of this publication. Particular thanks are given to Dr Andreas Wolff and Dr Charlotte D'Souza.



Founder & Trustee: Trudie Lobban MBE, FRCP (Edin) Registered Charity No. 1122442 © AF Association Published November 2011 | Reviewed June 2025



Please remember that this publication provides general quidelines only. Individuals should always discuss their condition with a healthcare professional. If you would like further information or would like to provide feedback please contact AF Association.